

SUMMARY OF Ph.D. DISSERTATION

School Science and Technology	Student Identification Number	SURNAME, First name AOKI, Shin-ya
Title Total Synthesis of Spiro-Heterocyclic γ -Lactam Natural Products (スピロ環状構造を有する γ -ラクタム型天然有機化合物の全合成)		
Abstract <p>Pseurotins A–E are a class of secondary microbial metabolites, which were isolated from the cultures of <i>Pseudeurotium ovalis</i> (Ascomycetes) in 1976. Pseurotin F₂ was also isolated from <i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i> DSM 6598. Among them, pseurotin A has a potent neurite formation activity to PC12 pheochromocytoma cells. Pseurotins possess a highly functionalized 1-oxa-7-azaspiro[4.4]non-2-ene-4,6-dione skeleton with three contiguous stereogenic centers. In 2002, structurally related azaspirene was isolated from a fungus <i>Neosartorya</i> sp. This antibiotic inhibits the endothelial migration induced by vascular endothelial growth factor. These formidable molecular architectures as well as intriguing biological profiles make these natural products attracting synthetic targets.</p> <p>Toward the total syntheses of pseurotins A and F₂, two types of γ-lactones were synthesized from D-glucose as the right part of the natural products. The asymmetric spiro-carbon in the pseurotins was constructed efficiently by the stereoselective vinyl Grignard addition to C3 in the 3-ulose derivative. Introduction of the left part was carried out by the aldol reaction of the γ-lactones with (2<i>S</i>,3<i>S</i>,4<i>Z</i>)-2,3-bis(methoxymethoxy)hept-4-en-1-al derived from D-glucose. The coupling reaction was best achieved using potassium-enolate generated from one of the two γ-lactones, i.e., (2<i>S</i>,3<i>S</i>,4<i>R</i>)-4-benzyl-2-(1-propanoyl)-2,3-bis(triethylsilyloxy)-4-butanolide. In further synthetic venture via several steps including the 3(2<i>H</i>)-furanone formation, the lactone-lactam conversion and benzylic oxidation, the total syntheses of pseurotins A and F₂ was accomplished. For the total synthesis of azaspirene, the common potassium-enolate was utilized. The left part in the antibiotic was introduced by the aldol reaction with LiBr-coordinated (<i>E,E</i>)-2,4-heptadienal. By a similar synthetic pathway, the total synthesis of azaspirene was completed.</p>		